



## Syrian Government's Use of Barrel Bombs in July 2015 2041 Barrel Bombs Killed 368 Individuals, including 83 Children and 63 Women

### Report Contents:

- Introduction
- Executive Summary
- Report Details
- Conclusions and Recommendations
- Annexes and Attachments
- Acknowledgment

### I. Introduction

By daily observing and recording the violations after the beginning of the popular protests in March 2011, we found out that first significant use of barrel bombs by government forces (Military forces, security forces, local militias, and foreign Shiite militias) was on Monday 1 October, 2012 in Idlib – Silqean town where a helicopter dropped a barrel bomb on a two-floor residential building which collapsed completely and 32 civilians, including seven women and seven children, were killed in addition to 120 others who were injured as shrapnel scattered everywhere. It is worth noting that this might not be the first time barrel bombs were used but it was the first time it was used in such a notable manner. The international community was not familiar with that kind of weapon yet. Barrel bombs are random weapons and locally made, since it is less expensive and causes massive destruction and a great loss of lives. 99% of the casualties are civilians, where the percentage of targeted women and children ranges between 12 and 35%. The same as with any new weapon, government forces cautiously waited for the international community's respond as the Syrian government deems the international community's silence or condemnation a red light to use and employ this weapon on a larger scale which was the case when it started using aerial weapon, poison gases, cluster munitions, and Scud missiles.





The Security Council waited a year and a half before adopting resolution 2139 on 22 February, 2014 which condemned the use of barrel bombs and mentioned it by name: “Demands that all parties immediately cease all attacks against civilians, as well as the indiscriminate employment of weapons in populated areas, including shelling and aerial bombardment, such as the use of barrel bombs” The Syrians welcomed the resolution because it expressed an intention to take further action in the events of in-compliance.

The Syrian government, through its allies at the Security Council first and the other states’ failure to shoulder their legal and moral role, disregarded resolution 2139 the same way it disregarded resolution 2118, adopted on 27 September, 2013, resolution 2042 and 2043, adopted in April 2012. The Syrian government fully realizes that there are no serious consequences of its action where its forces are openly and proudly violating the Security Council resolutions and international laws (A pro-government politician said on TV that the Syrian government should use nuclear weapons to attack the areas outside its control). Our daily documentation of violations shows that there is no notable difference before 22 February, 2014 (resolution 2139) and after.

## II. Executive Summary

### **Barrel Bomb use during July 2015:**

Through our daily documentation, SNHR team was able to document the use of not less than 2041 barrel bombs in July 2015 alone, detailed as follows:

Damascus Suburbs: 882

Daraa : 540

Idlib: 230

Aleppo: 194

Hama: 144

Homs: 49

Lattakia: 35

Qunaitra: 17

Hassaka: 17

Al Swaida: 4

The use of barrel bombs as random weapons killed 368 individuals, including 83 children and 63 women, according to the documentation team in SNHR.





The distribution of the victim's death toll according to the Syrian governorates:

Aleppo: 183 individuals were killed, including 38 children and 29 women.

Daraa: 95 individuals, including 31 children and 22 women.

Idlib: 54 individuals, including 8 children and 5 women.

Hama: 28 individuals, including 2 children and 5 women.

Homs: 6 individuals, including 4 children and a woman.

Damascus suburbs: 2 individuals, including 1 woman.

### **Targeting Vital Facilities:**

We cannot document all destructions caused by barrel bombs, therefore we recorded the number of vital facilities targeted by government aviation.

Barrel bombs targeted not less than 27 vital facilities, detailed as follows:

Houses of worship: 8

Markets: 7

Schools: 5

Medical Facilities: 4

Ambulances: 2

Infrastructure: 2

## **II. Report Details:**

### **Barrel Bomb Use during July 2015:**

#### **Aleppo:**

1. On 1 July 2015, government aviation dropped two barrel bombs on Al Sheikh Saed in Aleppo City which killed two individuals.
2. On 1 July 2015, government aviation dropped a barrel bomb on Al Karm neighborhood in Al Afandi region in Aleppo killing one person.
3. On 5 July 2015, government warplanes dropped a barrel bomb on Kadi Askar neighborhood in Aleppo and killed one person.
4. On 7 July 2015, a child died after government forces dropped a barrel bomb on Al Maysar city in Aleppo.





5. On 7 July 2015, government warplanes dropped two barrel bombs on [Al Ma'adi neighborhood](#) that is under the control of armed opposition forces. 13 persons were killed, including 4 children and 2 women. [The shelling destroyed a number of buildings.](#)
6. On 8 July 2015, government [barrel bombs](#) were dropped on [residential houses around Ebad Al Rahman mosque in Karm Al Beik](#) neighborhood that is under the armed opposition groups control in Aleppo. [20 persons were killed](#), including 6 children and two women. [A three-story building was completely destroyed.](#)
7. On 9 July 2015, two government barrel bombs were dropped on Barda town in Aleppo suburbs. 1 person was killed.
8. On 9 July 2015, government warplanes dropped two barrel bombs on Al Kasmiyi town in Aleppo suburbs. 1 person was killed.
9. On 10 July 2015, government warplanes dropped a number of barrel bombs on Al Ne'mi town in Aleppo suburbs. Two persons were killed, including a child.
10. On 11 July 2015, two government barrel bombs were dropped on a vegetable market in Al Bab city that is under ISIL's control in Aleppo. 13 persons were killed and a number of commercial shops and cars were burned.
11. On 11 July 2015, government aviation dropped a barrel bomb on residential buildings around Al Asani School in Al Bab city in Aleppo. 10 persons were killed, including 5 children and 3 women.
12. On 11 July 2015, government forces dropped a barrel bomb on a parking lot next to the fuel station in Al Bab city that is under ISIL's control in Aleppo. A number of cars were burned.
13. On 12 July 2015, government warplanes dropped two barrel bombs on Al Baza'a town in eastern Aleppo suburbs that is under ISIL's control. 8 persons were killed (5 children and 3 women).
14. On 12 July 2015, government aviation dropped two barrel bombs on Al Baza'a town in eastern Aleppo suburbs killing 4 individuals, including a child and two women.





15. On 12 July 2015, government barrel bombs were dropped on Al Safeera city in Aleppo suburbs. 4 individuals were killed, including a child and a woman.

16. On 13 July 2015, government forces dropped [two barrel bombs on a diesel and fuel market](#) in Al Bab City in Aleppo. 15 persons were killed, and a number of cars were burned.

17. On 13 July 2015, government warplanes dropped [two barrel bombs on residential buildings in Al Bab city](#) that is under ISIL's control in Aleppo. 14 individuals were killed, including 3 children and 4 women. A number of houses.

18. On 13 July 2015, one person died after government forces threw a barrel bomb on Al Safira town in Aleppo suburbs.

19. On 14 July 2015, three persons died after government forces threw two barrel bombs on Al Kabaseen town in Aleppo suburbs

20. On 15 July 2015, government aviation [dropped two barrel bombs on residential buildings](#) in Tedef town in Al Bab city in eastern Aleppo suburbs. [5 persons were killed](#); most of them were from one family. 10 others were injured.

21. On 16 July 2015, government aviation dropped two barrel bombs on Al Bab city in Aleppo which killed 5 persons, including a children and a woman, most of them were from one family. 12 others were injured.





22. On 16 July 2015, government warplanes dropped [two barrel bombs on Aran town](#) eastern of Al Bab city that is under ISIL's control. [6 individuals were killed](#), including two children, most of them from one family. 10 others were injured.
23. On 16 July 2015, government warplanes dropped a barrel bomb on Al Zaytan town in Aleppo suburbs. One woman was killed.
24. On 17 July 2015, [two government barrel bombs were dropped in residential houses](#) in Al Bab city in Aleppo suburbs. 5 persons died at once, including 4 women. 11 others were injured.
25. On 17 July 2015, government aviation [dropped a barrel bomb on residential houses](#) in Aishat Al Wakee town in Al Bab city suburbs. 6 persons were killed, including two children.
26. On 18 July 2015, government warplanes dropped two barrel bombs on Al Halak neighborhood in Aleppo. One person was killed.
27. On 18 July 2015, a woman died after government barrel bombs were shelled on Al Shouwaylikh town in Aleppo suburbs.
28. On 20 July 2015, government aviation dropped two barrel bombs on Kafr Dael town in Al Imam town in Aleppo suburbs. 2 persons were killed.
29. On 20 July 2015, government aviation dropped three barrel bombs on Deir Hafer town in Aleppo suburbs. 3 persons were killed, a child and two women.
30. On 22 July 2015, government aviation dropped a number of barrel bombs on Kafr Aweed town in Aleppo suburbs. 2 persons were killed.
31. On 22 July 2015, government warplanes dropped a barrel bomb on Rasem Al Abed town in Aleppo. A woman was killed.
32. On 22 July 2015, government warplanes dropped two barrel bombs on Qaser Al Breij town in Al Bab city that is under ISIL's control. 18 persons, including 4 children and 3 women were killed and not less than 30 others were injured.





## **Daraa:**

1. On 1 July 2015, government aviation dropped a number of barrel bombs on Gharz region next to Daraa city. A child was killed
2. On 1 July 2015, government warplanes dropped a number of barrel bombs on Al Tayba town in Daraa suburbs killing 5 civilians from one family, including 3 children and a woman.
3. On 2 July 2015, government aviation dropped three barrel bombs on Tafas city in Daraa suburbs killing 5 persons and two women.
4. On 3 July 2015, government forces warplanes shelled Daraa Al Balad neighborhoods with four barrels. One person was killed.
5. On 5 July 2015, government aviation dropped two barrel bombs on Al Na'ema town in Daraa. One person was killed.
6. On 5 July 2015, government warplanes dropped two barrel bombs on Saida town in Daraa. 5 persons were killed, including a child and two women.
7. On 10 July 2015, government warplanes dropped two barrel bombs on Al Hara town in Daraa suburbs killing 7 persons from one family, including 5 children and women.
8. On 13 July 2015, government warplanes dropped a number of barrel bombs on Busra Al Sham city in Daraa suburbs killing 2 persons.
9. On 16 July 2015. Government forces dropped a number of barrel bombs on Al Harak city in Daraa suburbs. One person was killed.
10. On 16 July 2015, government warplanes shelled Al Ghazeyi town in Daraa suburbs. 3 persons were killed, including a child.
11. On 17 July 2015, government aviation dropped a number of barrel bombs on Al Hara city in Daraa suburbs. 3 persons were killed (two children and a woman).
12. On 17 July 2015, one person died of his wounds after he was injured from a barrel bomb shrapnel dropped by government aviation on Tafas town in Daraa suburbs.





13. On 18 July 2015, government aviation dropped a barrel bomb on Al Ghariyi town in Daraa suburbs. Two women were killed.
14. On 19 July 2015, government forces dropped four barrel bombs on Al Hara city in Daraa suburbs. 4 persons were killed, including 2 children.
15. On 19 July 2015, government warplanes shelled two barrel bombs on Al Rayy region between Al Yadouda and Al Mazreeb in Daraa suburbs. One person was killed.
16. On 19 July 2015, government warplanes dropped a number of barrel bombs on Busra Al Sham city in Daraa suburbs. 6 persons were killed, including 2 children and 3 women from the same family.
17. On 20 July 2015, government warplanes dropped four barrel bombs on Daraa Al Balad neighborhood in Daraa city. 3 persons were killed including a woman.
18. On 20 July 2015, government warplanes dropped two warplanes on Al Ghariyi town in Daraa suburbs. 2 persons were killed.
19. On 21 July 2015, government warplanes dropped two barrel bombs on Dael city in Daraa suburbs. 3 persons were killed (two children and a woman)
20. On 22 July 2015, government warplanes dropped a barrel bomb on Dael city in Daraa suburbs killing 2 children.
21. On 23 July 2015, a child died of his wounds in one of the hospitals in Jordan after being injured from a barrel bomb dropped on Nasseb town in Daraa suburbs.
22. On 23 July 2015, government warplanes dropped a [barrel bomb on Al Ghariya town](#) in Daraa suburbs. [15 persons were killed, including 7 children and 5 women.](#)
23. On 24 July 2015, one person died of his wounds due to barrel bomb shelling where 5 barrel bombs were dropped on Tal Shehab in Daraa suburbs on 23 July 2015.
24. On 24 July 2015, one person died of his wounds after government forces dropped a number of barrel bombs on Al Kark town in Daraa suburbs.







25. On 26 July 2015, government warplanes dropped a number of barrel bombs on Al Ghariyi town in Daraa suburbs. 2 women were killed.

26. On 28 July 2015, government warplanes dropped a number of barrel bombs on Dael city in Daraa suburbs. 3 persons were killed.

27. On 29 July 2015, a person died of his wounds after government warplanes dropped a number of barrel bombs on Al Msayfera town in Daraa suburbs.

28. On 30 July 2015, government warplanes dropped 6 barrel bombs on Tafas city in Daraa suburbs killing 6 victims, including a child and two women.

29. On 30 July 2015, government warplanes dropped a number of barrel bombs on Al Na'ema city in Daraa suburbs. 1 persons was killed.

30. On 31 July 2015, government warplanes dropped a number of barrel bombs on Al Nae'ma town in Daraa suburbs. 4 persons were killed.

31. On 31 July 2015, government warplanes dropped a number of barrel bombs on Al Kark Al Sharki town in Daraa suburbs. 2 persons were killed.

### **Hama:**

1. On 3 July 2015, government warplanes dropped two barrel bombs on Al Ramla town in Hama suburbs. 1 person was killed.

2. On 4 July 2015, government warplanes dropped two barrel bombs on Al Latamna city in Hama northern suburbs. 5 persons died from one family, including a child.

3. On 5 July 2015, government warplanes [dropped a barrel bomb on Al Hawash town](#) in Hama suburbs. 5 persons died, including a woman, most of them were from one family.

4. On 5 July 2015, government warplanes dropped a number of barrel bombs on Al Ariima town in Hama suburbs. 2 persons were killed.

5. On 25 July 2015, one person died due to his wounds after government warplanes dropped a number of barrel bombs on Al Hawiez town in Hama suburbs.





6. On 28 July 2015, government warplanes dropped a number barrel bombs on Al Alkamiya town in Hama suburbs. 1 person was killed.

7. On 28 July 2015, government warplanes dropped a number of barrel bombs on Al Maddek Fort in Hama. 10 persons were killed, including a child and four women.

8. On 29 July 2015, government warplanes dropped a number of barrel bombs on Al Madeek Fort killing 2 persons.

9. On July 30 2015, one person died of his wounds after government aviation dropped a number of barrel bombs on Al Hweyz town in Hama suburbs.

#### **Idlib:**

1. On 5 July 2015, government warplanes dropped a number of barrel bombs on Al Fakee' town in Idlib suburbs. 1 person was killed.

2. On 5 July 201, government warplanes dropped three barrel bombs on Sfouhen town in Idlib suburbs. 2 persons were killed.

3. On 6 July 2015, government warplanes dropped a number of barrel bombs on Tramla town in Idlib southern suburbs. 1 person was killed.

4. On 12 July 2015, government warplanes dropped a barrel bomb on Al Tama'na town in Idlib. 3 persons died including a child.

5. On 13 July 2015, government warplanes [dropped a barrel bomb on Al Fatera town](#) in Idlib suburbs. [13 persons were killed, including 2 children and 3 women.](#)

On 14 July 2015, government warplanes dropped two barrel bombs on Al Habeet town in Idlib suburbs. 2 persons were killed.





6. On 16 July 2015, government warplanes dropped a barrel bomb on [Ma'art Misreen](#) in Idlib suburbs. [16 persons were killed, including 2 children and a woman.](#)

7. On 16 July 2015, government warplanes dropped a number of barrel bombs on Ourm Al Jouz town in Idlib suburbs killing 10 persons, including 3 children.

8. On 18 July 2015, government warplanes dropped a barrel bomb on Al Furja town in Idlib. 1 person was killed.

9. On 23 July 2015, government warplanes dropped two barrel bombs on Knasfara town in Idlib suburbs. 2 persons were killed.

10. On 23 July 2015, government warplanes dropped a number of barrels on Idlib city. 1 person was killed.

11. On 31 July 2015, government warplanes dropped a number of barrel bombs on Tiftinza town in Idlib suburbs. 2 persons were killed, including a woman.

### **Homs:**

1. On 27 July 2015, government warplanes dropped a number of barrel bombs on Palmyra city in Homs suburbs. 5 civilians were killed from one family (a mother and her 4 children.)

2. On 21 July 2015, government aviation dropped a number of barrel bombs on Talbisa city in Homs suburb. 1 person was killed.

Damascus Suburbs:

3. On 31 July 2015, government warplanes dropped a number of barrel bombs on Bakeen town in Damascus suburbs. Two were killed, including a woman.

### **Targeting Vital Facilities with Barrel Bombs:**

#### **Houses of Worship:**

1. On 7 July 2015, government warplanes dropped [two barrel bombs next to Othman mosque](#) in [Al Ma'adi neighborhood](#) that is under armed opposition groups control in Aleppo city. 13 persons were killed. The mosque was partially damaged.





2. On 7 July 2015, government warplanes dropped a barrel bomb around Ibad Al Rahman mosque in Karm Al Beik town in Aleppo. 20 persons were killed. The mosque's building was damaged.

3. On 13 July 2015, government warplanes [dropped a barrel bomb on Omar Bin Al Khatab mosque](#) in the southern neighborhood of [Al Latamna city](#) which caused [great and sever damage to it](#).



4. On 13 July 2015, government warplanes dropped a [barrel bomb on Al Housein mosque in Daraa camp](#). [The mosque was severely damaged](#).

5. On 11 July 2015, government warplanes dropped a barrel bomb on a mosque in Al Hweija town in Hama suburbs. The mosque's building was severely damaged.

6. On 13 July 2015, government aviation dropped a barrel bomb on one of the mosques in Hass town in Idlib which caused material damages to it.

<https://drive.google.com/file/d/0B7O1jbPIaDd0d05md01lbHNTQ1U/view?usp=sharing>

<https://drive.google.com/file/d/0B7O1jbPIaDd0TE4tUnpnR04tN0E/view?usp=sharing>

7. On 24 July 2015, government warplanes dropped a [barrel bomb and a number of gas cylinders](#) on one of [the mosques in Al Tamane'a town in Idlib](#). The mosque was partially damaged.

8. On 19 July 2015, government forces [dropped a barrel bomb on Al Shimali Mosque in Al Hara city in Daraa suburbs](#). The mosque was partially damaged.

### **Markets:**

1. On 7 July 2015, government warplanes dropped [two barrel bombs on the Gold Market](#) in Jisr Al Shugour city in Idlib and burned a number of shops.

2. On 8 July 2015, government warplanes dropped a number of barrel bombs on Ma'art Al No'man town in Idlib which caused complete damage to some shops.





3. On 11 July 2015, government aviation dropped [two barrel bombs on Al Hal Market](#) in Al Bab city in Aleppo, killed 13 persons and damaged a number of commercial shops.
4. On 11 July 2015, government aviation dropped two barrel bombs on a vegetable market (Al Hal Market) in Al Bab city in Aleppo that is under ISIL control. 13 persons were killed and a number of shops and vehicles were burned.
5. On 13 July 2015, government warplanes dropped [two barrels on a diesel and fuel market in Al Bab city](#) and killed 15 persons. A number of vehicles were burned.
6. On 19 July 2015, government warplanes dropped 5 barrel bombs on Deir Hafer market in Aleppo, killed a child and injured several persons. A number of commercial shops were damaged.
7. On 23 July 2015, government aviation dropped a barrel bomb on the vegetables market in Al Mayser neighborhood in Aleppo. A number of shops were damaged.

#### **Schools:**

1. On 9 July 2015, government warplanes dropped [two barrel bombs on Al Kuzaya School in Ma'arat Al No'aman](#) in Idlib. [The school was partially destroyed.](#)
2. On 11 July 2015, government warplanes dropped a barrel bomb on Al Assani School in Al Bab city in Aleppo suburbs that is under ISIL's control. 10 individuals were killed and the school had material damages.
3. On 13 July 2015, government warplanes [dropped a barrel bomb on Waleed Sha'aban School in Jisr Al Shougur in Idlib](#) which [led to a partial destruction to its facilities and great damage to it.](#)
4. On 21 July 2015, [government warplanes dropped a barrel bomb](#) next to a nursery school in Hayyan town in Idlib which partially damaged it.



Waleed Sha'aban School





5. On 30 July 2015, government warplanes dropped a barrel bomb on one of the schools in Tafas in Daraa (a refugee shelter center). The school was partially damaged.

### **Medical Facilities:**

1. On 1 July 2015, government warplanes dropped a barrel bomb behind [Saida makeshift hospital](#) in Daraa injuring 5 persons, including 2 individuals from the medical staff. The hospital was [greatly damaged and went out of service](#).

2. On 1 July 2015, government warplanes dropped a barrel bomb and two gas cylinders next to the medical point in Al Tamane'a town in Idlib. The hospital was partially damaged and went out of service for 5 days.

3. On 23 July 2015, government forces [dropped a number of barrels next to Tal Shehab hospital in Daraa](#) which caused [great material damage to the hospital](#) and causing it to go out of service.

4. On 23 July 2015, government warplanes dropped five barrel bombs on Tal Shehab town, some of it hit the town's hospital, caused great damage to it and made it to go out of service.

### **Ambulances**

1. On 17 July 2015, government warplanes dropped [a barrel bomb on an ambulance that belonged to the second makeshift hospital](#) in Latamana town in Hama. It was partially destroyed.

2. On 24 July 2015, government warplanes [dropped a barrel bomb next to an ambulance that belonged to the Civil Defense in Khan Shaykhoun in Idlib](#). The ambulance was greatly damaged and it went out of service.

### **Infrastructure:**

On 15 July 2015, government warplanes dropped two barrel bombs on Al Ghaziya station that is next to the power station in Al Zariya town in Aleppo suburbs. It was greatly damaged and Aleppo and its suburbs suffered from power outage.





## **Conclusions and Recommendations:**

- 1-The Syrian government has, beyond any doubt, violated Security Council resolution 2139 and used barrel bombs in a widespread and systematic manner. Furthermore, the Syrian government perpetrated the crime of murder in a widespread and systematic manner according to Article VII of The International Criminal Court Rome Statute. Additionally, it violated many principles of the international humanitarian law and perpetrated tens of crimes that can be classified openly as war crimes through its indiscriminate and proportionate bombing.
2. SNHR notes that the bombing using explosive barrels is an act of indiscriminate bombing that targeted armless civilians, thus the government forces and its militias have violated the articles of the international law for human rights which guarantee the right to live. Furthermore these violations were perpetrated during a non-international armed conflict and hence can be absolutely classified as war crimes.
3. The random attacks committed by the government forces are considered violations of the customary international law considering the fact that government forces have attacked residential areas rather than a specific military target.
4. These attacks, especially aerial bombing, have caused immeasurable humanitarian and material losses. There are strong indicators that prove that the damage was deeply severe compared to the expected military advantage.
5. The magnitude of this wide systematic frequent bombing, the level of its excessive strength, its military nature, and the coordinated approach of these attacks must be based on high orders, and a state policy.
6. Government forces, and all of its leaderships and forms, are responsible for crimes against humanity and war crimes as well as any parties that support the Syrian government politically, materially, and militarily – such as the Russian government, the Iranian government, and Hezbollah in addition to the weapon manufacturing companies. All of these parties must be prosecuted for the crimes they perpetrated, or contributed to, against the Syrian people.





## Recommendations

### The Security Council

1. The Security Council should take serious steps in order to implement its resolutions which have become ineffective and thus lost all of its credibility and purpose.
2. Also, it should impose an arms embargo on the Syrian government and prosecute anyone who supplies the Syrian government with money and weapon considering that those resources are being used to perpetrate crimes and serious human rights violations.
3. The Security Council is the party who has the authority to refer the Syrian case to the International Criminal Court. Instead of preserving peace and security, the Security Council is hindering this step. Everyone responsible for war crimes and crimes against must be prosecuted.

### Annexes and Attachments:

#### Images that document the use of barrel bombs by government aviation in July 2015

Images that depict unexploded barrel bombs dropped by government aviation on Kafr Aweed town on 15 July 2015



An [Image](#) that depicts unexploded barrel bombs dropped by government aviation on Al Yadouda town in Daraa on 25 July 2015.

An [Image](#) that depicts unexploded barrel bombs dropped by government aviation on Khan Shaykoun in Idlib on 24 July 2015.

An [Image](#) that depicts unexploded barrel bombs dropped by government aviation on Khan Shaykoun in Idlib on 20 July 2015.







An [Image](#) that depicts a barrel bomb dropped by government aviation on Al Ta'amina town in Idlib on 21 July 2015

An [Image](#) that depicts a barrel bomb dropped by government aviation on [Al Sheeh town](#) in Homs on 18 July 2015.



An Image that depicts a barrel bomb dropped by government aviation on [Kafr Zeita city in Hama](#) on 18 July 2015.



An Image that depicts a barrel bomb dropped by government aviation on [Ma'art Al No'man](#) in Idlib on 23 July 2015.

### Acknowledgments

Our most profound condolences go out to the victims' families and friends and our thanks to the local activists and families who contributed majorly to this report.



Syrian Network For Human Rights  
الشبكة السورية لحقوق الإنسان

